Jetstream Overview Programmable Cyberinfrastructure: Clusters in the Cloud

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NSF Funding Areas in HPC

Traditionally concentrated on enabling petascale capability

- Blue Waters 13.3 petaflops, 2012 (under re-compete)
- Stampede 9.6 petaflops, 2013 (extended to Stampede2, going into service now)
- Comet ~2.0 petaflops, 2014

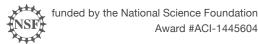
Has funded research into building clouds and computer science

- CloudLab (renewed for 2nd phase)
- Chameleon (renewed for 2nd phase)

Now funding clouds to do research

- Bridges (Hybrid system)
- Jetstream







Jetstream - Expanding NSF XD's reach and impact

Lots of stats below -

tl;dr summary: no one has enough computing resources. Ever. But they need easy access and use.

Around 350,000 researchers, educators, & learners received NSF support in 2015

- Less than 2% completed a computation, data analysis, or visualization task on XD/XSEDE program resources
- Less than 4% had an XSEDE Portal account
- 70% of researchers surveyed* claimed to be resource constrained

Why are the people not using XD/XSEDE systems not using them?

- · Perceived ease of access and use
- HPC resources the traditional view of what XSEDE offers are often not well-matched to their needs
- They just don't need that much capability

* XSEDE Cloud Survey Report - http://hdl.handle.net/2142/45766





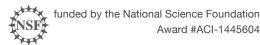




What is Jetstream and why does it exist?

- NSF's first production cloud facility
- Part of the NSF eXtreme Digital (XD) program
- Focus on ease-of-use, broad accessibility
- User-selectable library of preconfigured virtual machines
- Provides on-demand *interactive* computing and analysis or persistent gateways (SEAGrid, Galaxy, GenApp NAMDRunner, CIPRES and others)
- Enables configurable environments and programmable cyberinfrastructure
- Reproducibility: Share VMs and then store, publish via IU Scholarworks (DOI)







Who uses Jetstream?

- The researcher needing a handful of cores (1 to 44/vCPU)
- Software creators and researchers needing to create their own customized virtual machines and workflows
- Science gateway creators using Jetstream as either the frontend or processor for scientific jobs
- STEM Educators teaching on a variety of subjects



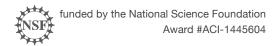




What Jetstream isn't...

- It's not traditional HPC
- There's no shared filesystem (think cloudy!)
- There's no high-end interconnect fabric (keep thinking cloudy!)
- There aren't GPUs (yet...stay tuned)
- It isn't Amazon, Azure, or GCE (similar, but...)





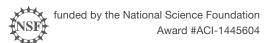


HPC vs Cloud

Adapting to a different environment:

- No reservations, no queueing more interactive usage
- Being your own admin hey, we have root!**
- You really can have almost any (linux) software you want**
- Constantly getting new features (https://www.openstack.org/software/project-navigator/)





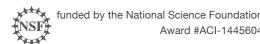


^{**} Here there be dragons...

Jetstream and way of the cloud...

- Cloudy Technologies: clouds are more than just virtual machines (VM)
 - Old way: robust (expensive) infrastructure, weak (cheap) software
 - You expect the hardware to not fail
 - State in maintained in volatile data structures.
 - Cloudy way: commodity infrastructure, robust software
 - Expect & plan for infrastructure to fail
 - Put intelligence into the software to handle infrastructure failure
 - And my favorite...







Thinking about VMs...

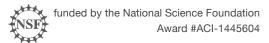


Cows, not pets: pets take great amount of care, feeding, and you name them; cows you intend to have high turnover and you give them numbers.

-- Mike Lowe (Jetstream architect)

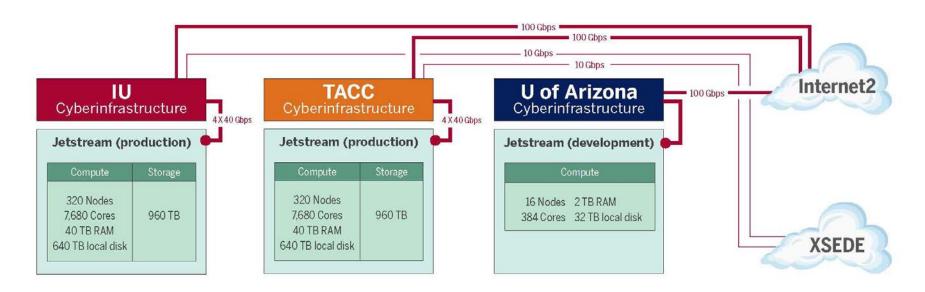
**some caveats for gateways...







Jetstream System Overview









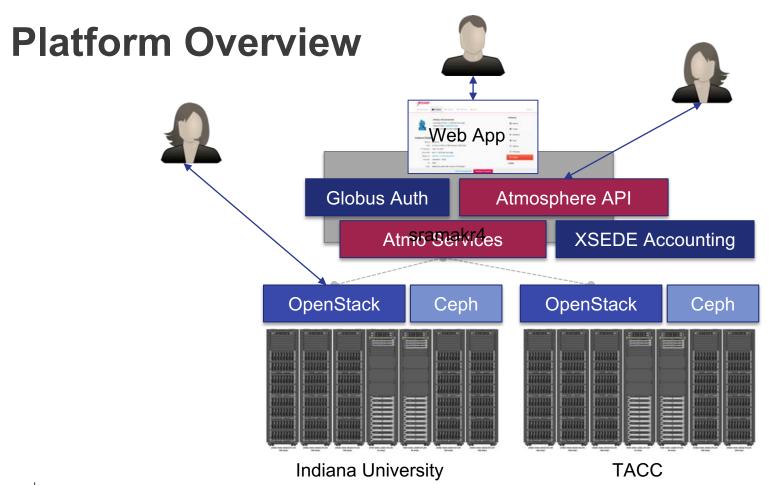
Production cloud hardware (per site)

Hardware	Number	Specifications	Function (IU)
Dell PowerEdge M630 blades	320	2x Intel E5-2680v3 "Haswell" 24 cores @ 2.5 GHz 128 GB RAM 2 TB local disk	Compute hosts OpenStack services
Dell PowerEdge R630 1U server	7	2x Intel E5-2680v3 "Haswell" 24 cores @ 2.5 GHz 128 GB RAM 2 TB local disk	Cluster management High Availability Databases RabbitMQ
Dell PowerEdge R730xd 2U servers	20	2x Intel E5-2680v3 "Haswell" 24 cores @ 2.5 GHz 64 GB RAM 48 TB storage for Ceph pool	~1 PB Ceph storage
Dell S6000-ON network switches	9	32+2 40 Gb/s ports	Top of Rack Spine









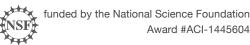
Hardware and Instance "Flavors"

Flavor	vCPUs	RAM	Storage	Per Node
tiny	1	2	8	46
small	2	4	20	23
medium	6	16	60	7
large	10	30	120/60*	4
xlarge	24	60	240/60*	2
xxlarge	44	120	480/60*	1

^{**} s1.* storage-rich instances are not eligible to be saved into a customized image

- Short-term *ephemeral* storage comes as part of launched instance
- Long-term storage is XSEDE-allocated
- Implemented as OpenStack Volumes and object storage
- Default storage is modest, but more is available via allocation







Using Jetstream VMs

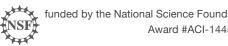
Manipulating Jetstream VMs:

- Jetstream Atmosphere web interface
- Direct API access via OpenStack command line or Horizon access
- API access enables Science Gateways and other always on services or on demand use cases; e.g. elastic compute techniques

Primary methods of logging into Jetstream VMs to work

- Interactive user access via web interface with VNC/SSH
- Direct VNC/SSH to individual instances







Where can I get help?

Wiki / Documentation: http://wiki.jetstream-cloud.org

User guides: https://portal.xsede.org/user-guides

XSEDE KB: https://portal.xsede.org/knowledge-base

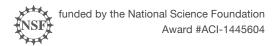
Email: help@xsede.org

Campus Champions: https://www.xsede.org/campus-champions

Introduction to Jetstream Virtual Workshop: https://cvw.cac.cornell.edu/jetstream/

Jetstream Allocations Virtual Workshop: https://cvw.cac.cornell.edu/JetstreamReg/

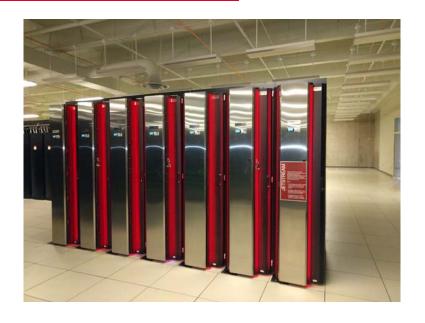




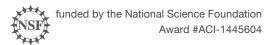


Jetstream Fun: Happy cluster / Angry Cluster



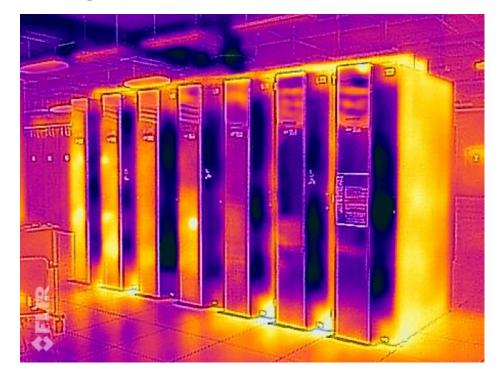








Infrared image of Jetstream











Jetstream Partners







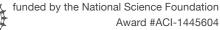














Questions?

Project website: http://jetstream-cloud.org/

Project email: help@jetstream-cloud.org Direct email: jeremy@iu.edu

License Terms

- Fischer, Jeremy. July 23, 2018. Jetstream Overview: Programmable Cyberinfrastructure: Clusters in the Cloud. Also available at: http://jetstream.cloud.org/research/publications.php
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And onward...







Cloud Computing Terms...simplified

Image: a file on a disk. It will be booted to create an...

Instance: a running virtual server; i.e. something you can log into.

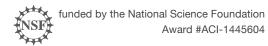
Running: the instance is up & running

Suspended: the instance is memory resident but not running

Stopped: the instance is shutdown akin to powering down

Shelved: the instance is shutdown, backedup, and stored







Cloud Computing Terms...simplified

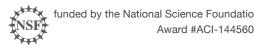
Flavor: the size of a running instance; i.e. #core, RAM, disk

Hypervisor: the thing the instance runs on; something akin to a software defined hardware compute server.

Snapshot: the process of taking an instance and turning it to an image.

State: something worth remembering; i.e. the state of the system







Cloud Computing Terms...simplified (Cont.)

Object store: a blob of bits; it has a starting address & a size. There may be metadata associated with the object. The data is consumed in a streaming manner.

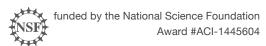
Block store: a software defined entity akin to an unformatted hardware disk drive.

Filesystem: hierarchical in nature, directories & files, ability to open, seek, read, write.

Persistent storage: If you pull the plug, it will still exist when power is restored. Safe to store data or state here.

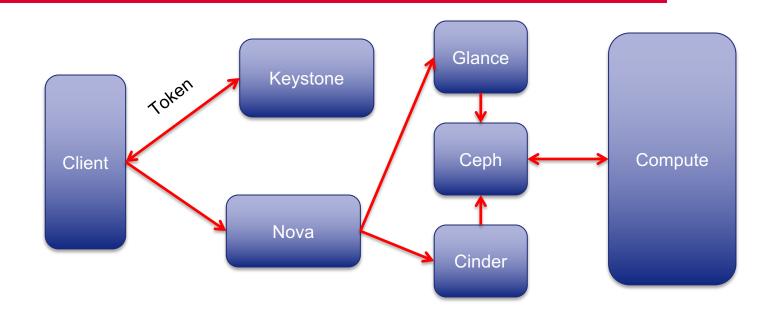
Ephemeral storage: If you pull the plug, it no longer exists. (Don't put your data here!!!)



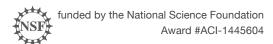




OpenStack Overview









Getting into the hands on part -

Open https://goo.gl/7X3HQz in your browser

You'll be connecting to a prepped host...but you might want to wait until I tell you something key first. ©

ssh <u>trainXX@tutorial.jetstream-cloud.org</u>



